

WORLD NOMAD GAMES 2016

**COMPETITION RULES OF
NATIONAL HORSE RACING**



**WORLD NOMAD
GAMES**

Kyrgyz Republic

2016

*Cholpon -Ata city,
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Competition rules of national horse racing.

I. General regulations.

To the national horse racing are referred long distance horse racing and the race of pacers.

National horse racing is subdivided to types depending on horse age, distance and racing technique:

1. At chabysh - race of horses of all ages for a long distance. Distance of 22 km
2. Jorgo salysh - race of pacers of all ages. Distance of 11 km.
3. Kunan chabysh – race of horses at the ages from 2 to 3 years old. Distance of 11 km.

Horses are allowed to the race independently of their breed.

Age of horse is determined by its teeth before the beginning of the race by the commission. Horses that are found to be inconsistent with age to the race are not allowed to compete.

II. Conditions for horse rentals.

If foreign teams, participating in horse racing competitions will not be able to bring their horses for any reasons, they have to inform the State Agency for youth affairs, physical culture and sports under the Government of the Kyrgyz Republic until August 7, 2016. In this case, the team will be provided with host country's horses. The host country will take all necessary measures to select the appropriate horses for foreign teams.

Horse rentals for participation in horse racing competitions carried out only with the rider.

Horse rentals carried out at the expense of participating teams.

III. Participants.

In the national horseracing can take those who have no qualification of jokey (rider), but possessing practical skills of horse riding and owning the knowledge of these rules.

Minimum age of jokey (rider) – 12 years old.

Minimum weight of jokey – 25 kg.

The responsible for the health of jokey (rider) during the competition is the owner of the horse on which he rides and his coach.

IV. Start rules.

Start of races is made “on the spot”, at a distance of at least 30 m from the starting post. If the necessary alignment is not reached and the starter does not lowered the flag, but participants already crossed the line (false start), then the participants should return to starting point.

All participants should observe the start rules and implicitly obey starters' directions.

Race is considered started after the starter's command and referee's signal at the moment of crossing start line by the first horse.

If in the opinion of referees or starter, the horse disobeys the jockey, that can lead to an accident or traumas, then it is excluded from the participation in the race.

V. Rules in the race of pacers.

Transition of horse from amble into gallop, in which it makes more than three jumps, is taken as a failure. If the number of jumps is no more than three, then it is regarded as an "interception" and is not taken into account.

For 3-year old horses 4 failures are allowed.

For adult horses 3 failures are allowed.

Gallop is recognized in those cases when the horse makes 14 jumps for all ages. In the case of gallop, the horse is immediately exempted from the race.

Under the wrong amble, it is meant a clear breach of the two-stroke rhythm or simultaneous movement of limbs on the amble. Wrong equine move is recognized when the horse runs at a trot or any kind of incorrect trot or pace.

The horse, which took the distance without breaches, but came in a gallop to the finish line (in a gallop to the post) or in a wrong way, is disqualified, that is deprived of the right to get the prize or the qualification place in this race.

VI. Rules during the race.

At a distance, the jockey (rider) is allowed to change the direction after going ahead of the rear horses going at least for 3 of the housing.

When entering final straight, the jockey of the first rank should strictly follow the taken direction and not to interfere a possibility to bypass them on the right or on the left.

It is allowed to forward horse by whip (kamcha) only blows on the croup, without waving it in different directions and without touching other participants of competition. Cruel senseless usage of whip is forbidden.

Length of whip should not exceed 125 cm.

It is forbidden to wave the whip in front of other's horses and strike on other's horse. For this breach, the horse loses the prize places.

A horseman:

For I breach – gets warning;

For II breach – is disqualified for 2 races;

For III breach – is disqualified up to the end of season.

After passing finish post, the usage of whip is absolutely forbidden.

Breaches of the riding rules include:

- absence of striving for victory or prize-winning place, passive riding;

In this case, the jury has the right to stop the race and declare it as it is not held.

- changing the direction of the run without getting ahead of trailing participants for not less than 3 lengths (crossing);
- diversion of another horse right or left (push aside);
- zigzag riding, interfering other participants;
- closing of one horse between two others;
- a sharp decline in the pace of running that interferes the trailing participants;
- rendering assistance to other participants for improvement of position during the course of race;
- breach of start rules;
- incorrect usage of whip;
- horsemen's shouts, interfering other competitors.

If in one race take part two participants of the same coaching division or of the same horse owner, and one of them interferes a participant of another coaching division or horse owner to win or take prize-winning place using unallowed actions, at that improving chances for winning of the participant of his coaching division or horse owner, so both participants of this coaching division or horse owner are deprived of medal places.

If a participant interferes one or several participants, and this hindrance is admitted by referee's board as unintended, then during the allocation of places this participant moves behind those participants, whom he hinders, but he stands in front of those participants who are not influenced by the hindrance. If the hindrance, created by the participant, is admitted by referee's board as intended and this participant improved his position in race, he is deprived of the medal place.

If the horse finishes not on the treadmill, but beyond, it is deprived of prize.

If the horse helped another horse, not participating in the competition, it loses the prize.

VII. Responsibility for breaches.

For breaching the racing rules, coaches and horsemen taking part in the competition bear responsibility under the procedure established by rules.

Breaches are classified by type of forbidden actions and by severity:

- minor breaches – breaches which do not influence race results, are not of serious hazard to its participants, don't damage disturber or his horse, other participants of the racing and visitors, but interfering for conduction of race according to rules.
- substantial breaches - breaches that influence race results.
- flagrant breaches – breaches that substantially influence race results, are of serious hazard to its participants, damage disturber or his horse, other participants, and visitors.

Flagrant breaches include the crossing, the use of the whip to the horse or other participants, the withdrawal of the other horses.



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Control over the observance of the rules during the competition and the application of the violators measures and punishment carries the main judiciary board of competitions.

Referee's board has the right to apply the following enforcement actions for breach of rules:

- for minor breaches – oral comments, warnings or severe warnings.
- for substantial breaches – deprivation of medal place.
- for flagrant breaches: for horse - deprivation of medal place, disqualification of jockey (horseman), owner and coach can be charged with fine.

Also the referee's board has the right to give punishment in the form of warnings to jockeys and coaches for actions not mentioned in the Rules, but contradictory to sporting spirit and moral principles of competitions.

For intended traumatizing of horses, infliction of bodily injury to participants during the competition or in the case of establishing the fact of knowingly deliberate loss for gain, the jockey is disqualified; horse is deprived of medal place.

Appealing of penalties is made in written form within 3 days after the announcement of punishment.

VIII. Decision of Referee's board.

Race result can be appealed within 2 hours after the race.

Final decision is taken collectively, by majority of voices.

Decision of the Referee's board is final and not subject to any appeal.